in the European representation of the *R. siliquosa* complex, a group characterized by β-orcinol depsidones (Culberson, 1967).

Although the similarities of the lichen floras of Japan and North America are well documented, apparently very few species of lichens are common both to Japan and to Europe but are also lacking in North America. *Ramalina siliquosa* and *R. crassa* are unusual in that they are examples of species with precisely this distribution, for neither of these conspicuous maritime lichens has been found in the New World.

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日本でハマカラタチゴケ (*Ramalina scopulorum*) と呼ばれている，海岸の岩上に生育するカラタチゴケ属地衣を検討した結果，その大部分はサラチン酸を含む *R. crassa* (Del. ex Nyl.) Mont. とすべきものと判明した。しかし，伊豆，伊東附近で採集された1標本だけは，プロトセトラール酸を含み，西ヨーロッパ特産と考えられていた *R. siliquosa* (Huds.) A.L. Sm. に一致する。

正　誤 (Errata)

頁 (Page)	行 (Line)	誤 (For)	正 (Read)
157	4	A_1	A_2
157	5	A_2	A_1
158	31	*Dicranum undulatum*	**Dicranum undulatum**
159	24	茎は 8–10 mm	茎は巾 8–10 mm

Dicranum undulatum が *D. Drummondii* subsp. *elatum* var. *alpinum* の異名のようになっているが校正の誤りで，別個の種類である。